

### **CASSINI T124 SEGMENT**

## **Rev 248 Handoff Package**

Segment Boundary 2016-318T06:29:00 - 2016-321T06:14:00

21 MAR 2016

Karl Mitchell/Jo Pitesky

SMT Report and SPASS
Science Highlights
Notes & Liens

This document has been reviewed and determined not to contain export controlled technical data

# **SMT Report**

DATA VOLUME SUMMARY --- TRANSFER FRAME OVERHEAD INCLUDED (80 BITS PER 8800-BIT FRAME)

			OBSERVATION_PERIOD							DOWNLINK_PASS							
			   P4   P5						P5 	RECORDED   PLAYBACK				BACK	K		
DOWNLINK PASS NAME	Start doy hh:mm	End   doy hh:mm	START (Mb)	SCI (Mb)	HK+E (Mb)	TOTAL	CPACTY (Mb)	MRGN (Mb)	OPNAV (Mb)	SCI (Mb)	ENGR (Mb)	TOTAL (Mb)	CPACTY (Mb)	MARGN (Mb)	NET_M (Mb)	IARGN (%)	CAROVR (Mb)
SP_248EA_C70METSEQ319_PRIME SP_249EA_C34BWGSEQ320_PRIME			0	2734 363	193 59	2927 422	3322 3322	395 2900	0 0	258 83	68 53	3252 558	3477 558	224 -1	224 0	6% 0%	

DATA VOLUME REPORT --- TRANSFER FRAME OVERHEAD NOT INCLUDED

Event	Star	rt hh:mm	End doy		CAPS (Mb)	CDA (Mb)	CIRS (Mb)	INMS (Mb)	ISS (Mb)	MAG (Mb)	MIMI (Mb)	RADAR (Mb)	RPWS (Mb)	UVIS (Mb)		PROBE (Mb)	ENGR (Mb)	TOTAL (Mb)
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_248EA_C70METSEQ319_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	319		320	19:44 07:14 07:14	0.0 0.0 0.0	70.3 21.7 92.0	388.7 113.4 502.1	23.5 4.1 27.6	808.0 0.0 808.0	108.9 20.5 129.4	123.3 35.2 158.5	0.0 0.0 0.0	844.6 54.2 898.8	21.7 6.3 28.1	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	191.2 0.0 191.2	2900.2 255.4
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_249EA_C34BWGSEQ320_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	320	07:14 21:14 07:14	321	21:14 06:14 06:14	0.0 0.0 0.0	26.4 17.0 43.4	0.0 0.0 0.0	5.0 3.2 8.3	216.0 0.0 216.0	12.4 8.0 20.5	30.2 19.4 49.7	7.6 0.0 7.6	45.8 29.4 75.2	0.0 4.9 4.9	0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	58.5 0.0 58.5	418.0 82.0
				CAPS (Mb)		DA 1b)	CIRS (Mb)	INMS (Mb)	ISS (Mb)	MAG (Mb)	MIM (Mb			RPWS	UVIS (Mb)	VIMS (Mb)	PROBI (Mb)	

TOTAL RECORDED (OPNAV data not included)

0.0 135.3 502.1 35.9 1024.0 149.8 208.2 7.6 974.0 33.0 336.0

Nov. 13 (DOY 318) – ISS will acquire global-scale mosaics of Titan's sub-Saturnian and leading hemisphere at mid-southern latitudes. ISS will also ride along with CIRS and VIMS inbound to image Titan's surface and atmosphere. **CIRS** will make thermal maps to monitor seasonal changes in global temperatures, as well as a surface temperature map to determine the seasonal changes in sunlight reaching the surface, and the response of the surface to this insolation. **VIMS** will acquire a mosaic that includes the eastern part of Xanadu, Hotei Arcus, Menrya, and the North Pole. It will monitor cloud activity and the evolution of the south polar vortex. **UVIS** will ride along with CIRS to measure aerosol scattering and gaseous absorption features in the atmosphere. **RSS** will perform one of only two (the other was T106) ideal bistatic experiment observations during the Cassini Mission to capture the potential mirror-like surface echoes from Titan's high northern seas. The T124 bistatic ground track covers the surface region close to Titan's North pole (68N to 87N degrees latitude) and stretches over about 140 degrees arc centered on about 30W longitude. It crosses Punga Mare—the first and only time a bistatic observation covers this sea--and other likely liquid-filled close by regions, and ends over the western part of Kraken Mare, a region not explored before by RSS. If successful, the measurements will offer unique opportunity to compare physical properties of Titan's three major northern seas, and also characterize potential differences among different regions of the vast Kraken Mare. As for T106, two major geometry aspects make the observations on T124 special: observing near closest approach, hence enhancing chances of weak echo detectability, and observing close to the Brewster (or polarization) angle of liquid hydrocarbons, hence enhancing chances of dualpolarization echo detectability. The latter is key for unambiguous determination of the dielectric constant and for constraining liquid composition. In addition, reliable measurements of the absolute echo power and echo spectral shape will constrain physical properties of capillary and gravity waves, if present and detectable. **MIMI** will ride along with RSS to constrain energetic ion and electron energy input to atmosphere.

Nov. 14 (DOY 319) – RSS bistatic observations continue; see previous day's description for details. Outbound from closest approach, ISS will acquire global-scale mosaics outbound of Titan's trailing hemisphere at mid-northern latitudes. ISS will also ride along with CIRS and VIMS inbound to image Titan's surface and atmosphere. CIRS will make thermal maps to monitor seasonal changes in global temperatures, as well as a surface temperature map to determine the seasonal changes in sunlight reaching the surface, and the response of the surface to this insolation. In addition, atmospheric limb sounding will be performed, allowing measurements of the vertical profile of trace constituent gases, such as hydrocarbons and nitriles. VIMS will ride along with CIRS and will look for specular reflection on Kraken Mare to monitor the evolution of the liquid hydrocarbon reservoirs. Additionally, there will be cooperative observation during a CIRS observation to look for specular reflection, in particular on the South of Kraken where a RADAR-dark body--potentially liquid--may be present. UVIS will ride along with CIRS to measure aerosol scattering and gaseous absorption features in the atmosphere.

Nov. 15 (DOY 320) – ISS and VIMS will monitor Titan to track clouds and the evolution thereof, in the northern hemisphere, looking for possible seasonal changes as northern summer arrives on Titan.

# **Master Timeline**

Start Time	End Time	Prime Activity	Obs. Detail	Op Mode	TLM Mode	Comments
			NEG_Y to Titan/NEG_X to			
2016-318T06:29:00	2016-318T07:09:00	SP Turn to WP	NTP	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	MAPS_248 secondary NEG_X to 257.2/-28
2016-318T07:09:00 C/A-16:31:56	C/A-16:31:56 -14:00	OD Uncertainty Dead Time CIRS	A truncated (Tc1b)	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3 S N ER 3	
C/A-10.31.50	-14.00	CIRS	TN2c (Could also use TN1c	DEPW Normal	3_N_ER_3	
			for limb haze layer,			
			depending on geometry if			
-14:00	-12:00	ISS	along limb, or TN2d, depending on timing.))	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	
-12:00	-09:00	CIRS	D2 (TN1c)	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	
Begin Custom Period	00.00	S. C.	D2 (11110)	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	
-09:00	-05:00	VIMS	I (TC1a and TN2c)	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	ISS rider.
			Y modified (TC1a, TN1a			
-05:00	-03:26	VIMS	(depending on pointing) and TN2c)	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	
-03.00	-03.20	VIIVIO	11420)	DIT W Normal	0_11_211_5	Transition was moved. Deadband (0.5, 0.5, 0.5)
-03:26	-03:25	RWA to RCS Transition		ORSRCS	S_N_ER_3	RSS+VIMS.
02.25	00.42	VIMS	(TNI2-)	ORSRCS, begin		On the state of
-03:25 -02:43	-02:43 -01:00	RSS warm up	(TN2c)	RSS3RCS at -03:05	S N ER 3	On thrusters.
-01:00	0	RSS Bistatic	(TN1a)	RSS3RCS	S N ER 3	
	-		XBAND to Titan, LUB			Good Bistatic Opportunity over Lakes (Exit). Changed
2016-318T23:55:56		CLOSEST APPROACH	(Tc2a)			C/A from 2016-319T00:01:44
0 +02:10	+02:10 +02:32	RSS Bistatic	(TN1a)	RSS3RCS	S_N_ER_3	
+02:10	+02:32	RCS to RWA Transition		DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
			T (TN2c (surface			
+02:32	+05:00	CIRS	temperature)) R (TN1c or Tc1b, decided in	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
+05:00	+09:00	CIRS	implementation)	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	VIMS Collaborative Rider
+09:00	+12:00	CIRS	D2 (TN1c)	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
End Custom Period				DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
			D2 (TC1a, TC1b, TN1a, TN2c (Could also use TN1c			
			for limb haze layer.			
			depending on geometry if			
+12:00	144.00	100	along limb, or TN2d,	DEDM/ Normani	O N ED O	
+12:00	+14:00	ISS	depending on timing.)) M3 (Tc1b (TN1c on	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
+14:00	C/A+18:53:04	CIRS	outbound))	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	ISS Collaborative Rider
C/A+18:53:04	2016-319T19:04:00	OD Uncertainty Dead Time				
2016-319T19:04:00	2016-319T19:44:00	SP Turn to Earth for downlink	XBand to Earth/MIMI.NEG_Y to Saturn (0,0,-9.5)	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	
2016-319T19:44:00	2016-320T07:14:00	Canberra 70M	to Saturi (0,0,-9.5)	DFPW Normal	RTE N SPB	
			NEG_Y to Titan/NEG_X to			
2016-320T07:14:00	2016-320T07:54:00	SP Turn to WP	NTP	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
2016-320T07:54:00	2016-320T11:54:00	ISS	4h ISS mosaic	DFPW Normal	S N ER 3	
	_3.0 020111.01.00				S N ER 5A at 11:54 for	
					15 minutes, then	
2016-320T11:54:00	2016-320T16:04:00	ISS	4h10 ISS mosaic	RADWU	S_N_ER_3	Radar warmup at start, agreed by ISS
2016-320T16:04:00	2016-320T16:34:00	ISS	30 min ISS mosaic	RADWU	S N ER 3	
			1			
2016-320T16:34:00	2016-320T18:34:00	RADAR	2 hr Radiometry Calibration	RADWU	S_N_ER_5A	
2016-320T18:34:00	2016-320T19:04:00	ISS	30 min ISS mosaic	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
2046 220740-04-02	2046 220T40,44,00	CD Turn to Forth for down in	XBand to Earth/MIMI.NEG_Y	DEDW Normal	C N ED 3	
2016-320T19:04:00	2016-320T19:44:00	SP Turn to Earth for downlink	to Saturn (0,0,-9.5)	DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
2016-320T19:44:00	2016-320T21:14:00	Ybias window		DFPW Normal	S_N_ER_3	
2016-320T21:14:00	2016-321T06:14:00	Canberra 34M		DFPW Normal	RTE_N_SPB	

#### Sequence T124: Summary of PIEs and Other High Priority Observations

					Flexibility in secondary	Comments (e.g., pointing tolerance,	Science Traceability	Pointing
ı	Discipline	CIMS Request Name	Start Time	End Time	pointing	uniqueness; relative priority)	Matrix Code(s)	designer POC
					Significant Science Impact	On thrusters, so attitude should		jeffrey.s.boyer
-   7	itan	RSS_248TI_BISTATIC001_PRIME	2016-318T22:55:57 GMT	2016-319T02:05:57 GMT	if Secondary Changed	stick	TN1a	@jpl.nasa.gov

## Y bias and RSS

No Biases during (overlapping) the RSS bistatic science observations.

- Pointing:
  - Custom Period from -9 to +12 hrs.
  - Deadband of (.5, .5, .5) in support of RSS and VIMS. 3 steps for walking deadband.
  - RSS bistatic is not at waypoint attitude
  - Turn to initial waypoint has CIRS (waivable) heating
- Data Volume:
  - Warning for RADAR\_249OT\_WU4RADCAL135\_RIDER data not recorded at S\_N\_ER\_3 not an issue (RADAR warmup)
  - Carry over in agreement with SATURN 249 allowed for 90 Mb, but not needed (P.O.C. Kyle Cloutier)
- DSN:
  - Post-flyby 70m pass SP\_248NA\_C70METSEQ319\_SP occurs during weekly maintenance; TOST requests that the maintenance be moved/waived. Could not move downlink earlier (G70 maintenance).
  - DSS-35 and -43 passes in support of the RSS bistatic—the final RSS observation of Titan, and the only RSS bistatic of Punga Mare—should be Level 3. Duration in CIMS is 05:55 for these passes, but in SEG file rounds up to 06:00.
- Resource checker:
  - ENGR to update custom pickup/handoff info in CIMS
  - CIRS handing off to itself, so PIC secondary is OK
  - RSS bistatic uses LUB not GMB, which is OK/expected
  - Telemetry mode change during ISS observation in caboose is OK (RADAR warmup)
- Opmodes:
  - Nothing of note
- Hydrazine:
  - TOST estimate currently 198g; KPT analysis being done right now
- Special Activities:
  - None

#### Sequence Liens (should all be SPLAT items):

- List any Liens to be worked in SIP, ie
  - None